ART	COMPLEX	

### ARCHITECTURAL PROGRAM

ART COMPLEX

OKLAHOMA STATE UNIVERSITY
STILLWATER, OKLAHOMA

ΒY

MAURICE M. CASAD

in partial fulfillment of the requirements

for the Degree of

MASTER OF ARCHITECTURE

### Introduction

# CONTENTS

	Concepts and Issues	3
	Process	8
Fact	es ·	
	Client	9
	Resource People	10
	Information	11
	Questions	13
Need	s and Data	
	Users	16
	Spaces	17
	Activities	20
	Diagrams	46
	Codes	51
	Master Plan	52
	Site	55
	Photos	67

	Economy	72
	Time	7.3
Goals an	nd Concepts	74
Problem	Statements	85
The Sol	ution	88
Model Pl	hotographs	96

# INTRODUCTIO

The Department of Art provides courses for the following types of student needs:

- (1) Teacher training
- (2) General educational background
- (3) Major concentration in art

Students who successfully complete the teacher education program, who meet the requirements for a Bachelor of Art Education degree, and who secure the University's recommendation will be eligible for a standard Oklahoma teacher's certificate. The curriculum in art education is offered in cooperation with the College of Education.

Two degrees are offered in art: Bachelor of Art Education (BAE) requiring 36 credit hours of art, and Bachelor of Art (BA) requiring 40 credit hours of art. Art majors must attain a grade point average of 2.5 in art courses in order to qualify for certification and graduation.

Fields of concentration are available in painting, sculpture, and ceramics. The freshman and sophomore years are virtually the same for all majors in art.

# CONCEPTS AND ISSUES

The Department of Art maintains an exhibition gallery, the Gardiner Art Gallery with approximately 170 linear feet of exhibition space. Exhibitions are changed every three weeks during the academic year.

Presently, the Art department is literally scattered all over the OSU campus, with a decrepit fire hazard as the hub. The ceramics labs are in a quonset hut north of Hall of Fame, the sculpture lab is under the stadium in an unheated, flood-prone room that students are frequently locked out of by OSU police, the lecture courses are taught in the Classroom building, Engineering North and wherever else some space can be found, and the silkscreening and batiking classes are a health hazard because of inadequate ventilation to get rid of the noxious fumes.

OSU is the only Big Eight University without an art gallery complex, and with the growing awareness of art in today's society it is time for the university to build a complex that will embrace the image of the Fine Arts at this school.

Rumors have surfaced that all the Fine Arts aspects of OSU were to be removed to Norman, where all the radicals could be together in one place. In one specific instance, the Bachelor of Fine Arts degree was dropped from the art curriculum and many people were informed that OSU was dropping their art department totally, a rumor that has probably affected their enrollment.

Artists have long been abused and penniless, and only lately in the '60's have any major portion of the population realized that art is an indispensable and enjoyable part oflife. Creativity is an important part of any profession, from engineering to home economics. Many phases of the university would benefit from a closer association with the Fine Arts. Currently the architecture department would benefit from more courses that deal with the use of color, which are important to an architect. The art department has several good courses on color which would be of great benefit to an aspiring architect, interior designer or landscape architect.

Ways of integrating other students into the art curriculum should be done carefully, however, to keep from diluting the quality of work and education. There have been proposals of creating a separate College of Design, Landscape Architecture and Art. Several departments fought this because of the funds they were receiving from their present colleges.

With the building of a new Art facility hopefully some interest can be generated in the art program. Currently, the head of the Art department is seeking an "angel" to help defray the costs of the project. The music and theatre portion of the Fine Arts have made great strides forward with the building of the Seretean Center, made possible only by large donations from Bud Seretean. This building is currently used as a showplace for impressing regents and other officials, and no doubt a new Art building would be done the same way. However, artwork is often not pretty in the construction phase. Paint is spilled and splattered, mud must be turned into clay, and large smelting fires must be built to cast metal sculpture. Artist's studios are generally not attractive, and this will influence the design, keeping a pretty, "show-off" area separate from the "dirty" space.

Through the implementation of this project, both civic and academic needs will be satisfied. This complex will have a main public gallery that will be open to students, faculty and the general public. Faculty and student studio and office space will also be incorporated into the one complex, a complex that will invite, stimulate and provoke. This complex could also be the start of a new campus axis, intensifying and redefining some currently weak pedestrian and vehicular limbs between both the surrounding town and campus, and within the campus itself. Hopefully the final design solution will say, "I am an art building-Art is being shown, admired and created".

### Programming<sup>2</sup>:

### PROCESS

"A process leading to the statement of an architectual problem and the requirements to be met in offering a solution" - Webster

This process is a creative, problem solving effort. Before problems can be solved, they must first be sought out, defined and categorized. You can't solve a problem unless you know what it is. Programming concerns five steps in the search for sufficient information to clarify, to understand and to state the problem:

- l Establish goals
- 2 Collect and analyze facts
- 3 Uncover and test concepts
- 4 Determine needs
- 5 State the problem

These steps interact with the considerations of function, form, economy and time to create an organized method of inquiry.

Dean George Gries

Arts and Sciences 201 L Sci East 2117 Arrowhead

x5663 372-5215 CLIENT

Herb Gottfried	Head of Art Department 212 A Gardiner 229 Lewis Apt B	×6016 377 <b>-</b> 6399
B. J. Smith	Drawing and Painting 318 Gardiner 2132 Sunset	×6016 372-6073
Dave Roberts	Sculpture 313 Gardiner 612 Cherokee Ave.	×6016 377-8046
Richard Bivins	Ceramics, Color & Design 314 Gardiner 1723 Crescent Drive	×6016 372-8304
Ron DuBois	Ceramics 317 Gardiner 612 Kings Highway	×6016 377-8716
Ellen Murray Meissinger	Color & Design, Lecture 106 Gardiner 2201 Arrowhead Dr.	×6016 372-3186

RESOURCE

PEOPLE

#### DATA AND FACTS TO BE OBTAINED

### INFORMATIO

SITE

Topography, drainage

Soil conditions

Vegetation

Utilities

Circulation around and on the site

Parking implications

Points of origin

Traffic Volume

Pedestrian Counts

CLIMATE

Solar angles, orientations

Rainfall

Average temperatures

LAND USE

Surrounding land use

Relation to Campus Master Plan

Existing architecture

Adjacent structures

Visual pattern and sequence

Location from population and services

VIEWS To the site

From the site

Orientation from other building entrances

CODES Setbacks, heights, fire, University

and handicapped

#### ACTIVITIES

### GUESTIONS

Will the main traffic consist of individuals, small groups or classes and large groups?

Will there be lectures by the artists in the gallery?

How should classes and gallery interact?

Should the gallery be multi-use or strictly exhibition?

Will outdoor spaces be utilized for exhibits and will they be open or walled in for security?

### EQUIPMENT

What type of security system is used in the gallery and outdoor sculpture areas?

How extensively developed should outdoor areas be - should kilns and equipment be built-in or just have space designated for equipment?

Should display areas be built-in or removable?

Will existing equipment be moved from the present facilities or some new equipment installed?

What equipment will need specific structural considerations - hoists, trolleys, furnaces, kilns, etc.?

What type of security and/or surviellance system will be used in the gallery space?

What type of fire control equipment should be employed?

#### TIME

Will this all be built at once, phased or expandable at any time in the future?

What are the predictions for the future growth or decline in enrollment?

Will the curriculum and activities change in time, or be fairly consistent?

How can the functions of the Art department best be integrated into the new facility as it is being completed, if done in phases?

#### BUDGET

How much money will you spend?

Will the controlling factor be the budget, quality or size?

How will construction methods and burglary/fire protection systems affect operational costs and insurance rates?

# NEEDS AND DATA

USERS

GENERAL PUBLIC From Stillwater or surrounding areas who drive into campus to view exhibits, see student work and hear lectures. The galleries will be the only real public areas.

STUDENTS mainly walk from other parts of campus - enrolled in non-art courses using the lecture rooms or using the galleries of slide library.

ART STUDENTS The primary users of the entire complex. Need twenty four hour access to the studios and heavy labs. They need functional space that is easy to work in.

FACULTY AND ADMINISTRATION also are main users of the complex.

They need pleasant space and working conditions, to keep a good staff and to attract quality personnel to the department.

MAINTENANCE AND SERVICE PERSONNEL Service circulation should be worked out to make the delivery and shipping of products and exhibits as safe and easy as possible. Surfaces should be durable and easily cleaned for minimum outside maintenance personnel.

### SPACES

THINK FUNCTIONAL......Not pretty. Pretty is meaningless.\*

Art in progress is not always a pretty sight. The finished work should stand on it's own, to be backdropped by the architecture, not redefined by it. The actual work in progress should take place in a functional, flexible space where needs can be met for any variety of situations. Spaces where paint can be spilled, smoke exuded and creativity unleashed. Spaces which are safe, functional, and pleasant to work in.

<sup>17</sup> 

GALLERY The main gallery should be the most accessible of all areas to the public, an inviting space that is connected either physically or by covered walkways with the other areas of the complex. There will be two galleries, a large main gallery and a smaller lecture gallery for slide shows and lectures by the artists who have shows in the galleries. A social area may also be included with a refreshment area and wet bar. Some type of simple furniture system, with benches or chairs and tables will be incorporated to encourage social interaction. The Director's office should be part of the gallery complex, with space for the Director, secretary and a receptionist who will be outside the office controlling the exit, giving out information and monitoring the people in the galleries with television surveillance systems. A work area will be adjacent to the galleries, and also readily accessible to service by mainly vans and large trucks, with occassionaly a semi-trailer truck. All of these spaces should be protected by an oxygen snuffing type of fire extinguishing system to prevent damage to the art.

LECTURE AREAS Should be readily accessible to the students. These areas will be used for art history, art appreciation and other humanities courses. These lecture areas will have audio-visual setups, preferably arranged so that one audio-visual room can serve at least two lecture areas. The arrangement and sizes of these lecture rooms should be flexible. Glass sizes will range from 50 to 250 people. A two system lighting layout will be used, house lights for normal use and subdued lighting for note taking during slide lectures. Preferably these lecture rooms will not have any natural light, and a raked floor with fixed seating.

SLIDE LIBRARY should be accessible by both the faculty and art students. There is not a librarian now, but hopefully one will be employed when this is built. The library will have slide storage, sorting, prep and copy areas. There are currently five part-time assistants that work with the slides, gleaning out worn slides and replacing them, periodically reviewing the collection to add and take out slides. A copy area should be provided for photographing books and pictures. The film is then sent out for developing.

A display case should be privided outside the library where instructor's can show slides for a class to come and study.

ADMINISTRATION includes the Art Department Head's office, secretary, mail/work room and the faculty lounge. The Department Head and secretary should have their own offices, with a separate mail/work room. This space and the faculty offices might serve as a buffer between the public galleries and the more private studio area. The faculty needs easy outside and studio access. Hopefully with the new complex more faculty will be added, so extra office space should be incorporated, which could be used as storage until needed.

STUDIO SPACE each studio space should have an area which can be darkened for impromptu slide shows and crit sessions. Critiques may be held in the class or a separate critique room, possibly in conjunction with the student lounge, which might be shared by all of the studios. Cleanup of the studios will generally be done by the students themselves. All surfaces should be at least seminindestructible and easily cleaned. Several of the spaces will

require special ventilation to get rid of noxious fumes. Most of the studios will be track lighted, both in the floor and ceiling, for lighting still lifes and models.

HEAVY LABS These include the jewelry, ceramics and sculpture labs. These spaces should be very flexible for the making of a variety of pieces some of them very large. They will need easy access by service trucks, and protection from vandalism. The sculpture and ceramics areas need outdoor work areas integrated with the interior spaces to facilitate the kiln firing and foundry operations. A common court yard that is protected and partially covered might be shared by these spaces.

## Phase I AREAS

Main Gallery	3000
Lecture Gallery	1000
Director's Office	100
Workshop	4000
Vault	825
Subtotal Phase I	8925
Phase II	
Lecture Rooms	2 @ 1500 2 @ 2400
Slide Library	400
Administrative Offices	350
Faculty Lounge	250
Student Gallery	400
Drawing Studios	2 @ 1400
Color and Design Studios	3 @ 1400
Oil Painting Studio	1800

Graphic	Design	1 Suite
Gei	neral S	Studio

General Studio	1200
Etching Studio	1100
Silkscreening	1200
Watercolor Studio	1400
Prop Room	300
Subtotal Phase II	24400

Phase III

Ceramics	4000
Sculpture	4000
Jewelry	4000
Subtotal Phase III	12000

Total 45325

## ACTIVITIES

USERS
General Public, All students and faculty

FURNITURE

A system of benches, or clairs and tables will be used to in corporate social interaction.

Bu

EQUIPMENT

Halon expenses system

SPACE Main Gallery

51ZE 3000°

SIZE 3000°

FURNITURE

A system of benches, or clairs and tables will be used to in corporate social interaction.

Bu

Full address system

OTHER

Trade lighting in ceiling and floor special wall coverings - carpet or burlap Camera's for Monitoring Grallery Users Flexible, movable display system, not built-in.

FUNCTION Space for visiting lecturers, artists SPACE Lecture Gallery art students, faculty USERS 100000 SIZE Flexible seating for small groups up FURNITURE to 50 people. Public address system, EQUIPMENT Small kitchen facilities-sink, hotplate food warmer, coffee pot, in separate room Front projection slide equipment utilizing reversible pands for the

Screen

OTHER

FUNCTION

Information, Control, Surviellance

USERS

Director, Secretary and Receptionet

FURNITURE

Three desks, chairs, file cabinet, book

shelves and tack space,

EQUIPMENT

Television screens for monitoring the people in the gallery, located at the receptionists destroutside the office, controlling the entry/exit.

OTHER

SPACE Divector's Office

1000 SIZE

FUNCTION USERS	Setup, Framing, Crating and Tondrup Faculty, Special Student assistants	SPACE SIZE	ukrkshop 4000°
FURNITURE	4x8 Work tables, storage racks for Paintings and drawings		
EQUIPMENT	Carpendry tods, table saw, drill, vises		
OTHER	Utod and crate storage Easy access for delivery		

FUNCTION	Storage of Exhibits and OSU Collection	SPACE	Vault
USERS	Faculty, Student assistants	SIZE	825=1
FURNITURE	Storage radis		
EQUIPMENT	Halon Oxygen Smuffing fire extinguisher Theft-proof doors and books		

### OTHER

FUNCTION	Classrooms with audiovisual Equipment	SPACE	Lecture rooms
USERS	Faculty art and Humanities Students	SIZE	2@ 1500°' 2@ 2400°'
FURNITURE	Seating for 100 - 200 students		
EQUIPMENT	Slide projectors, public address system	lecture	160 m
OTHER	Windows which can be easily blocked for stides. Two lighting systems - House lights and sent highling to take notes by	Common O	Indio-Visual

FUNCTION

Copying, Prevavation, Sorting and storing shides

USERS

Faculty and art students, Librarian

FURNITURE

Three light tables (3'x5'), lay tables (3'x5'), tadeboards, stools, desk and chair, two

file cabinets.

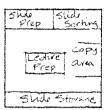
EQUIPMENT

Slide storing trays, copy stands, typewriters Easkeds for returning slides Eacklighted Display rack for exhibiting

slides.

SPACE Slide Library

4000' SIZE



OTHER

FUNCTION	Faculty mail pick-up, work space
USERS	Faculty, Grad assistants Secretary
FURNITURE	Mailrack, 24x3 work tables
EQUIPMENT	Xerox machine, paper cutter, binding machine
CTHER	adjacent to facilly lounge

SPACE Mail/Work room SIZE 1500' Desk, chair, bookcases on one wall

3 file cabinals for Dept. Head,

2 file cabinals for Dept. Head,

2 file cabinals for Secretary,

EQUIPMENT Intercom System, talkbonds

Head

OTHER

Separati office for secretary and

SPACE	administrative offi
SIZE	350 °

FUNCTION	Faculty untering hole	SPACE	Faculty Loui
USERS	Head, Secretary, Faculty	SIZE	250 D'
FURNITURE	Lounge furniture, (8 scats)		
EQUIPMENT	Small sink, colfee pot, hot plate vending machine		

OTHER

FUNCTION	Office space	SPACE	Faculty Offices 15@ 150 Dapiece
USERS	Faculty (15)	SIZE	15@ 150° apiece
FURNITURE	Desk, chair, filing calcinuts, storage space, tadeboards, book shelves		
EQUIPMENT			h
OTHER			
			t

FUNCTION USERS	Exhibit student work brunge area	SPACE	Student Galler
FURNITURE	Lounge seating and tables for up to 25 students		
EQUIPMENT	Display awas, special tadrable wall surfaces Vending machines, Restrooms Security for student work		

OTHER

FUNCTION

Studio for drawing Still-life, Models

USERS

Faculty, art Students (25)

FURNITURE

Easels, stods, storage lockers

Drafting benches

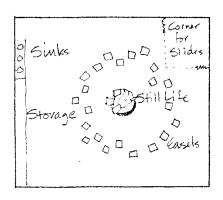
EQUIPMENT

Sinks, platforms for models

SPACE Drawing Studios

SIZE

2@1400°



OTHER

Controllable natural light
Open, flexible plan
Still life and prop storage
No special venditation or chemical
storage
Corner that can quickly be darkened for
slide presentations

Study of two and three dimensional design Color and Design Stu FUNCTION Faculty, art students (25) 3@ 14000 SIZE USERS 8 Flat lay tables, stools and flat files Storage cabineds for 3-D materials FURNITURE Sinks and calcinut space aveas for power hand tools EQUIPMENT Meds ventilation when power equipment is OTHER being used North light could possibly be used

FUNCTION

Painting in Oils and acrylics

USERS

Faculty and avt Students (25)

FURNITURE

25 Easels, stools, bendues for storage while painting, 4 lay-tables (3'x5')

EQUIPMENT

Vertical, belealed rades for storing the paintings (2003 per student)
Sindes

areas for chemical storage and use with special ventilation

Oil Painting Studi SPACE

SIZE

18000

wit aver diem.

OTHER

FUNCTION

Two-dimensional design and technique

USERS

Faculty and art students (25)

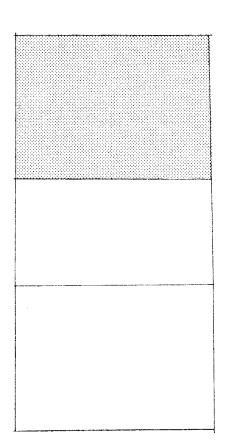
FURNITURE 3x5 dratting tables (25), light tables (3x5) drying rades (3x4), 4x8 lay tables (4)

EQUIPMENT Photo typositic

OTHER

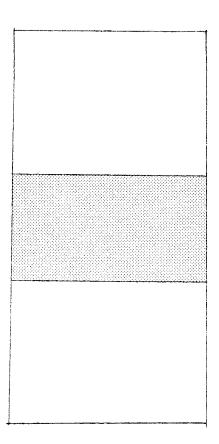
General area for lamouts and classes.

Graphic Design Sui SPACE General studio 12000' SIZE



Carving and pristing of exchings FUNCTION Faculty and art students (25) USERS G-6x10 work tables, 3x4 flat file FURNITURE Storage with 2x3x3' bodiers (25) Etcling presses, techalle tool storage EQUIPMENT 12' counter with sinks, five safe storage for flammable dremicals (3x5 upright abound), 30"x50" press hat plate, 16'x4' inking table, well ventilated sink tables Separate and area (8x12) with well vented OTHER Sink todales

Graphic Design Soil
SPACE Edding of whip
SIZE 11000'



FUNCTION

Techniques of Silleson, , Endit

USERS

FACULTY and Out Students (28)

FURNITURE

6-6x10 work tables, E.4 flod life

5torage with exect laders (25)

EQUIPMENT

Cutting and larger tables (4-48)

Chemical storage over , creater space

with sinks, small (12'x12' area) prinding

press, diging in les (Ex4)

OTHER Special rendilation for the clamingules

SPACE Sillscreening SIZE 12000

FUNCTION TEaching of Wheredor Techniques

SPACE Wheter Color Studies

SIZE 1400°

FURNITURE GXIO tables with 8x3 adjusts he drawing tops (6)

8x4 flat file storage with Icolars Conspir

Student), lockable disgion case for student work

EQUIPMENT Counter with plumbing book-up to spray

drawings, built-in paper calculates (30x20")

Tade surface along one wall, blackboard,

photo-type sinks with flat counter (1 gxz 0/2 3/2)

dry-menust press, math cutter, blacking fire routlike

OTHER

Supervicti sink vern eracka to soak pager, with table or counter of a matting or "do a day area", room; lots of radicial light- sleglights;
Investigate combination of coloradisian and water order studios.

FUNCTION	Storage for studio props, lights	SPACE Prop room
USERS	Faculty	SIZE 300°
FURNITURE		
EGUIPMENT	Shelves	**************************************

Open storage space adjacent to or in close proximity to the studios. OTHER

FUNCTION USERS	Frequenties, melding and throwing y clay Faculty, art students (25)	SPACE	Coramics 4000°
FURNITURE	Work toldos and stools		
EGUIPMENT	Sinks with day traps, wedging table, to blos with Randall wholes daydrying rocks chalcer, pug mill, 55 gold drums with bungers, spray booth with exhaust fair, downdratt kiln, alpine gas kiln, raku kiln, dec. kiln and ball mills, soldner day mixer, bluebird hammer mill, sold kiln and extrusor		
OTHER	Wilities required are 230 v and 110 v dec., gas and writer		

FUNCTION

Sculpting closed placks and metal

SPACE Soulphive

USERS

Faculty and art students (15)

SIZE 4000°

FURNITURE

Work tables, stoods, mideling stands toldes with vises, storage bins.

EQUIPMENT

AC Electric welder, bench grinder, butter, small forge, notal sinks, brake bender, dough mixers, table saw, dvill saw, band saw, tool crib, lift out furnace, pivolal beam with holst air outlets, air congressor, sand/ resin mixer (concet mixer), various hand tools

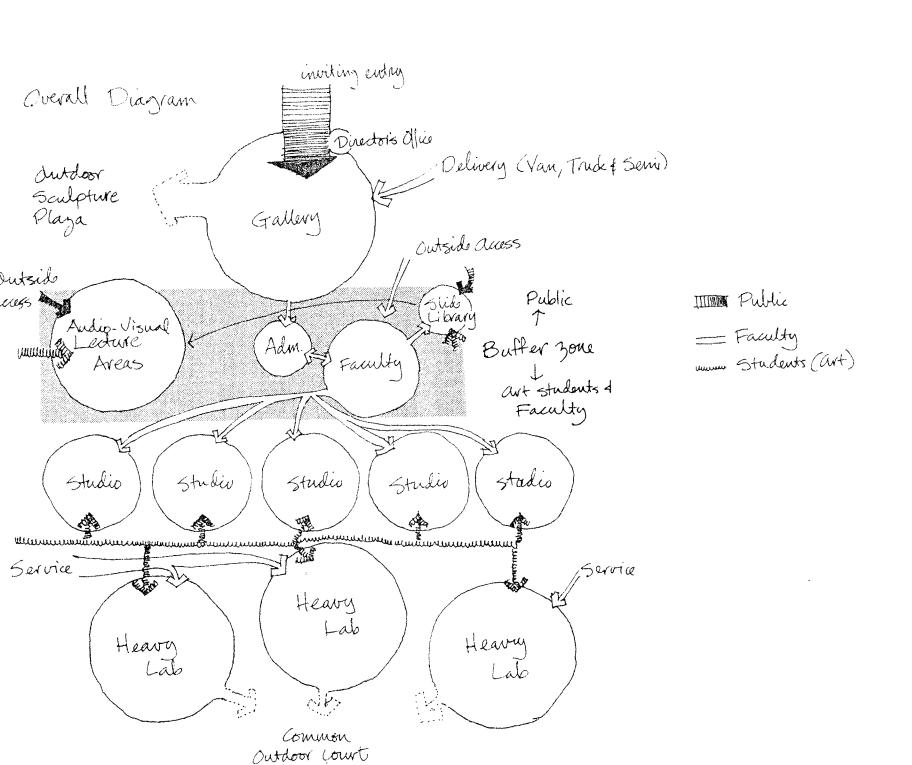
OTHER

Utilities nieled are 230 vand 110 v Elec., grs, water, Special verdilation for foundry operation, Fire extinguishing equipment, fire-prot insulation, access to service and outdoor space. Separate the vortexers

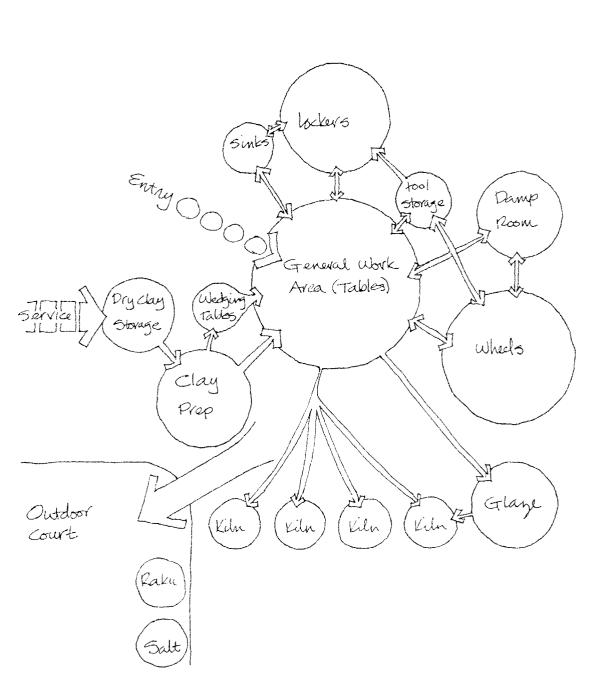
Design and making of jewilly FUNCTION SPACE Jewelry Studio Faculty, art sturieds (20) USERS SIZE 1000° well display about work kendres (20"x35"/student) FURNITURE bladeboard, corkhoars 2 Swles (12" 25) EGUIPMENT Counter top lasi much - casuum and coutificant casting, pure-oud lider (18x18x18"), enameling liter (2-3) etding, in coing, wax in juter, oulcamen, politicus, sanders, whereaver deaver, het did fed therwise, bende alsors mino-dilly is table Free standing equipment - pelishing madeus, benefit to Drill press, metal smidlion taldes, zamoils on the ups. OTHER Robert William cose to casting and when they is in tools, acids, withdrawithing nort to enameling. small office, seed natural ness and air televis. Ventilation for a bown out little, enameling lite,

etalian or planic work, aled so forming.

## DIAGRAMS



# Ceramics Lab Diagram

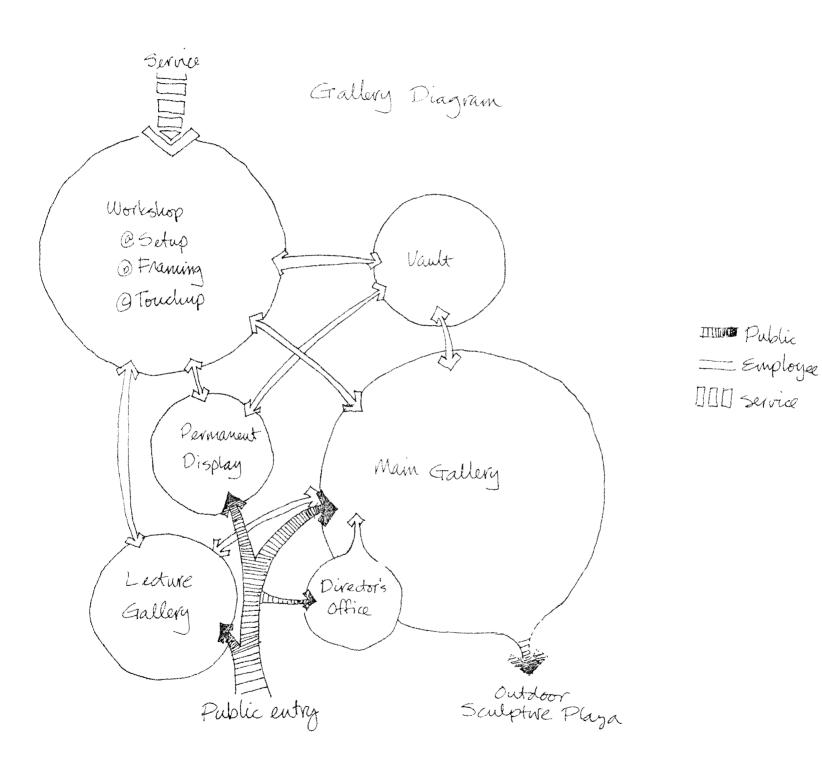


... Let the walls open up on nice days .....

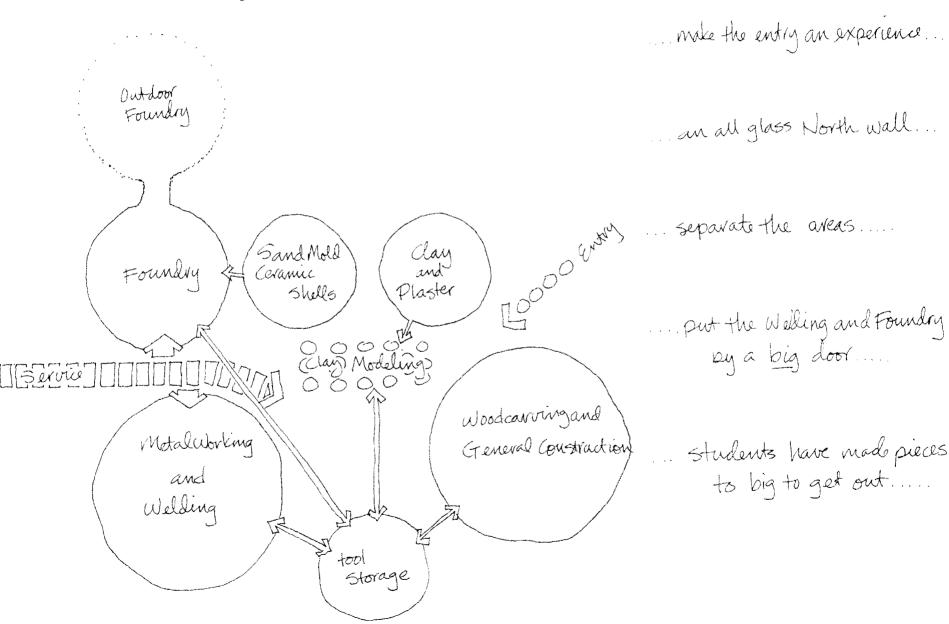
... put in troughs so we can just hose down the floor

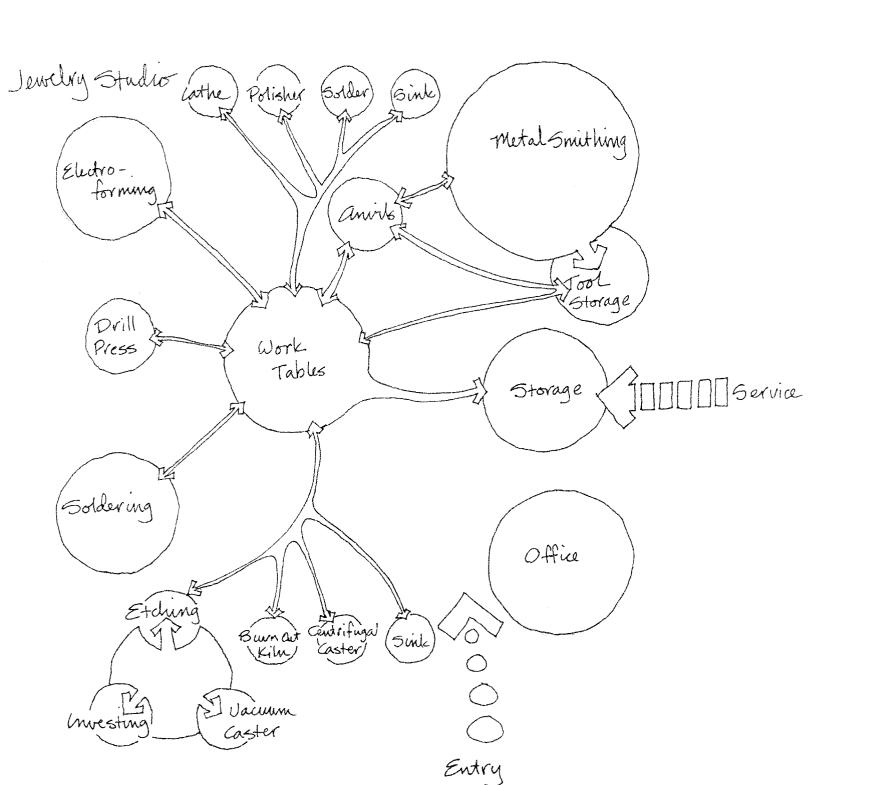
... definitely a shower ...

.. those kilns fry you in the summertine....



# Sculpture Lab Diagram





Oklahoma State University uses the 1976 edition of the Life Safety Code.



The applicable sections are in Chapter 9, Educational Occupancies.

Section 9-1 General requirements

Section 9-2 Means of Egress Requirements

Section 9-3 Protection

Section 9-4 Building Services

Section 9-5 Special Provisions

Zoning ordinances, Easements and Deed Restrictions do not apply since the site is on OSU property.

MASTER PLA

A Master Plan for the campus of Oklahoma State University was developed by Caudill Rowlett Scott, Architects of Houston, Texas.

This plan calls for two Humanity buildings to be built on the site between Morrill Hall, Thatcher Hall, Hanner Hall and Athletic Avenue.

These buildings are oriented North South, forming three open spaces between Hanner, the Humanities and Thatcher, accenting the present pedestrian traffic and vistas, and strengthening the inner campus.

The proposed Art Complex would fit into the category of a Humanity facility, not violating the predominantly Art and Science orientation of this section of campus.

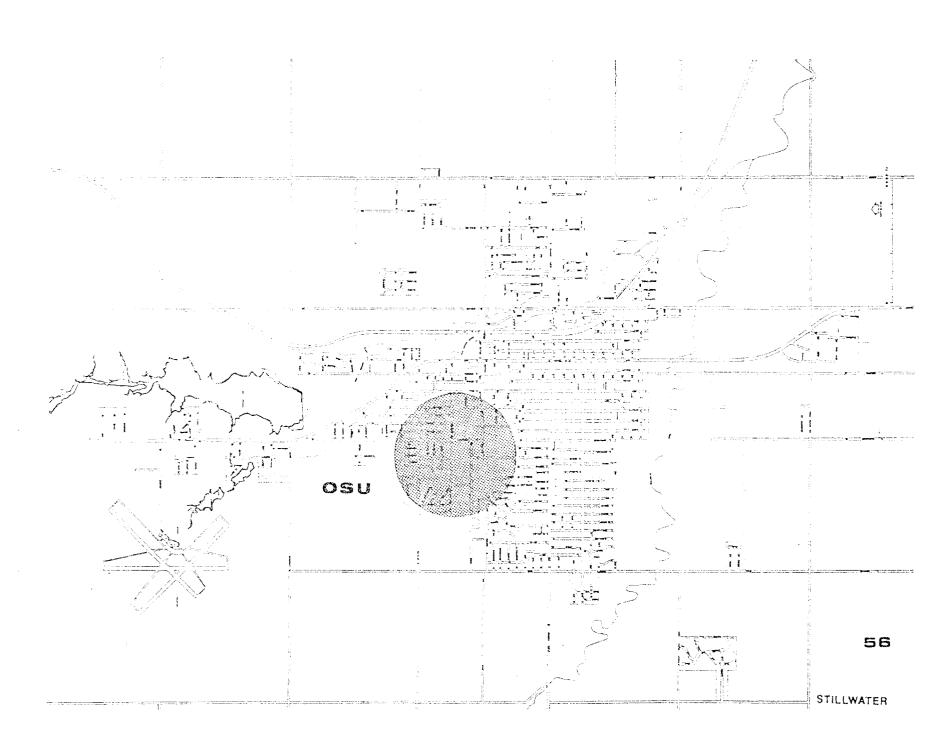
The surrounding structures are four stories high on the South side and three stories on the North, East and West.

The Master Plan calls for Gardiner Hall to be removed after the new art complex is finished, and replaced with a five thousand seat auditorium. Thatcher, Hanner and Morrill Halls and the Architecture and Business buildings will remain.

The site is presently covered with a parking lot. Since parking is already scarce on campus, a study will be made of possible solutions to alleviating the parking demands made by the new art complex, new auditorium, Seretean center, Gallagher Hall and Lewis Field with a multi-level structure between the campus and Duck Street.

The new art complex will generate more pedestrian traffic from the center of campus by creating a new destination. The site is now the "back end" of the campus, and a means to create more exciting pedestrian avenues in this end of campus will be studied.

## SITE



# CAMPUS MASTER PLAN

### EXISTING BUILDINGS

- I. STUDENT UNION AND HOTEL
  2. PAUL MILLER JOURNALISM AND BROADCASTING
  3. GUNDEPSON HALL
  4. BENNETT MEMORIAL CHAPEL
  5. OLD CENTRAL
  6. CAMPUS FIRE STATION
  7. SERETEAN CENTER

- MORRILL HALL

- 8 MORRIL HALL
  9 BUSINESS
  10 CLASSPOOM
  11 WHITEHURST
  12 WILLARD HALL
  13 MATHEMATICAL SCIENCES
  14 LIFE SCIENCES WEST
  15 LIFE SCIENCES EAST
  16 LIBRARY
  17 ENGINEERING SOUTH
  18 MANNES MAIL

- IT. EMGINEERING SOUTH
  18. HANNER HALL
  19. THATCHER HALL
  20. ARCHITECTURE BUILDING
  21. ENGINEERING MORTH
  22. PHYSICAL SCIENCES
  23. SOUTH STADIUM
  24. FOOTBALL OFFICES
  25. GALLAGHER HALL
  26. ATHLETIC DRESSING
  27. MORTH STADIUM
  28. COPDELL MALL
  29. POWER PLANT
  30. PUBLISHING AND PRINTING

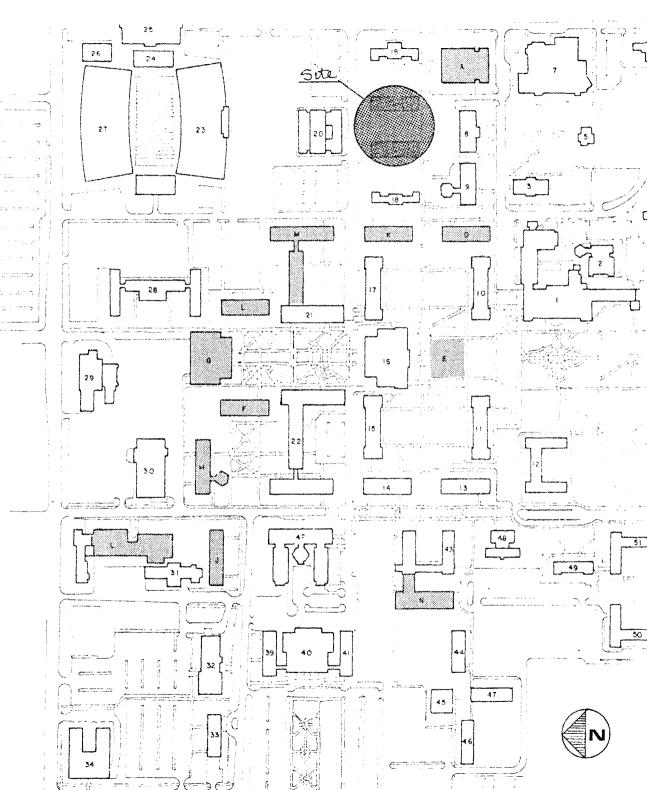
- 28 CORDELL MALL
  29 POWER PLANT
  30. PUBLISHING AND PRINTING
  31 MEAT LABORATORY
  32. STUDENT HEALTH CENTER
  33. 1BA HALL
  34. AGRICULTURAL ENGINEERING SHOPS
  35 COLVIN PHYSICAL EDUCATION CENTER
  36. WILLHAM HALL NORTH
  37 WILLHAM HALL SOUTH
  38 WILLHAM HALL SOUTH
  39 KERR HALL
  40 ISER-DRUMMOND CAFETERIA
  41 DRUMMOND HALL
  42 AGRICULTURE HALL
  43 HOME ECONOMICS WEST
  44 PARKER HALL
  45 SCOTT-PARKER-WENTZ CAFETERIA
  46. WENTZ HALL
  47. SCOTT HALL
  48 PUBLIC INFORMATION
  49. NORTH MURRAY HALL
  50. STOUT HALL
  51. SOUTH MURRAY HALL

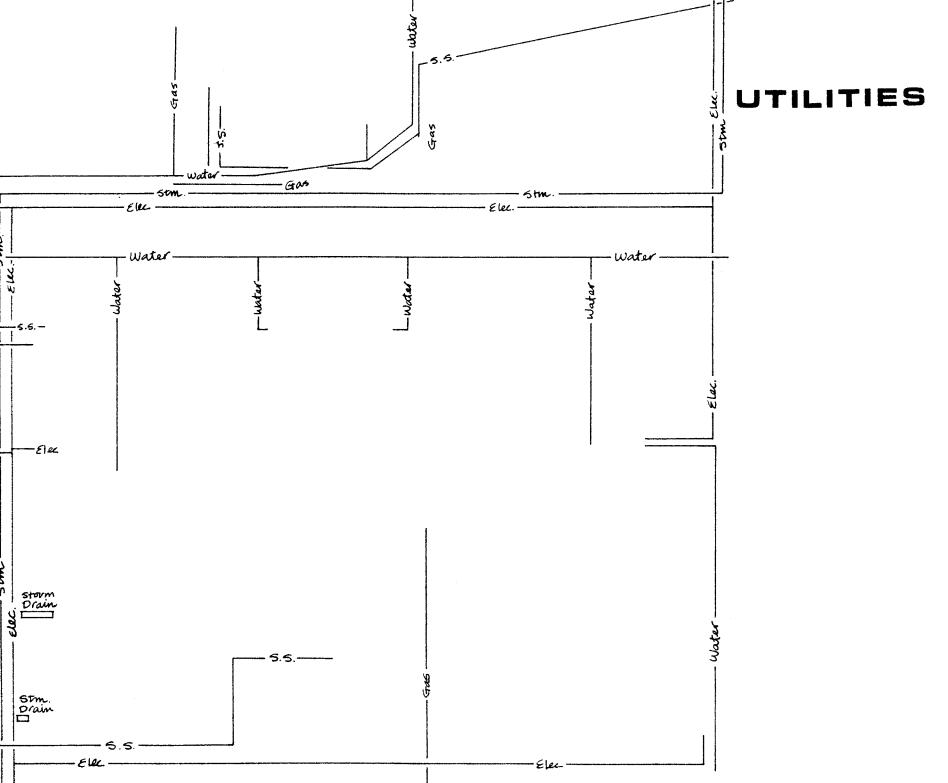
### NEW BUILDINGS

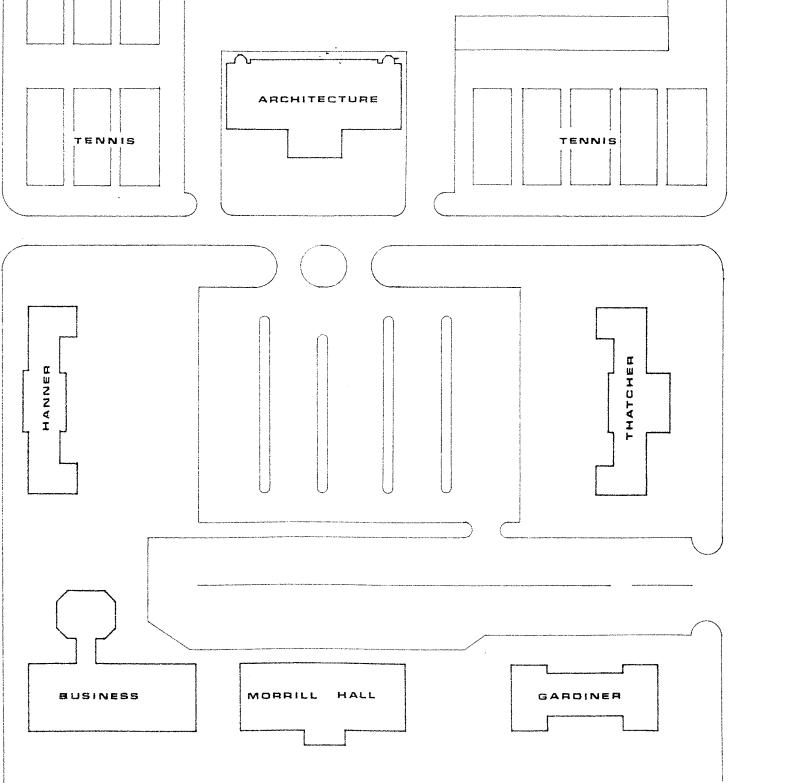
- A. AUDITORIUM

- HUMANITIES TWO
  HUMANITIES ONE
  EDUCATION AND CLASSROOMS
  LIBRARY (UNDERGROUND)
  LIFE SCIENCE
- G. LEARNING RESOURCES
  H. LIFE SCIENCE
  J. AGRICULTURE
  K. ENGINEERING

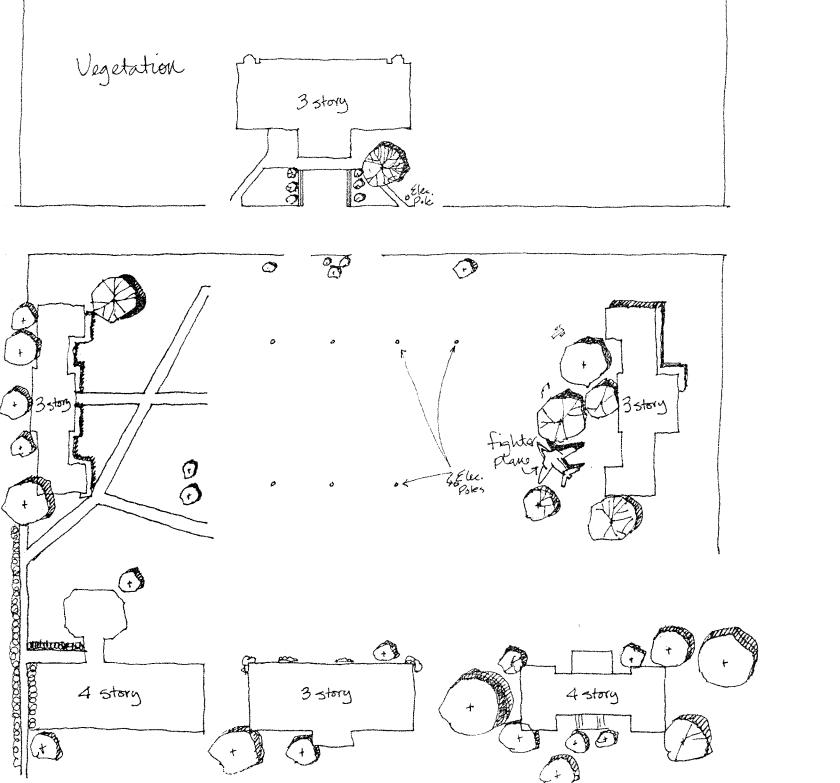
- L. ANIMAL SCIENCE
- M. ENGINEERING N. CHILD DEVELOPMENT LAB











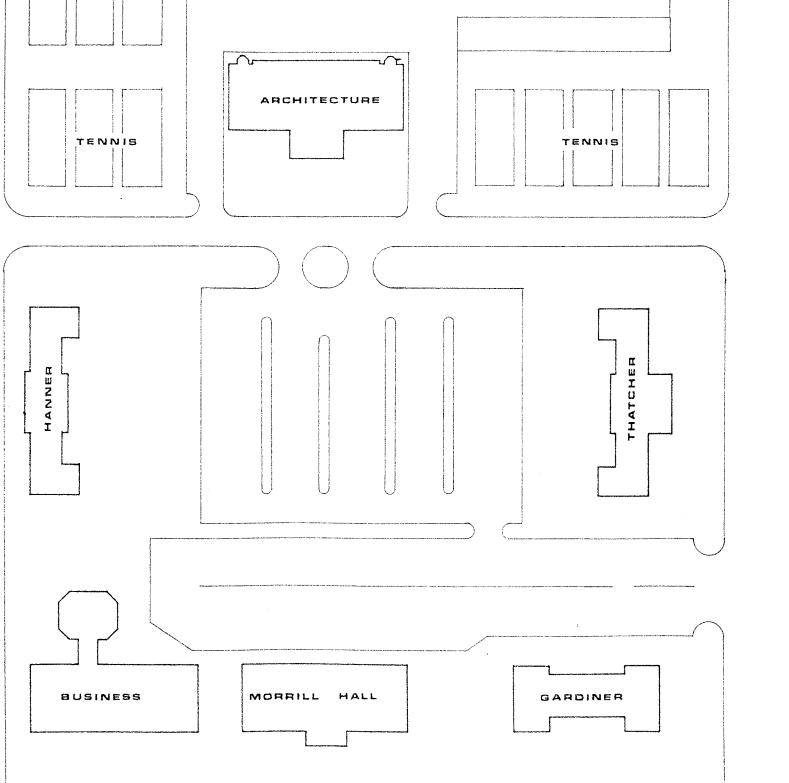


aestria Ligrom Liporking Pedestrians Main Pedestrian csevelop.

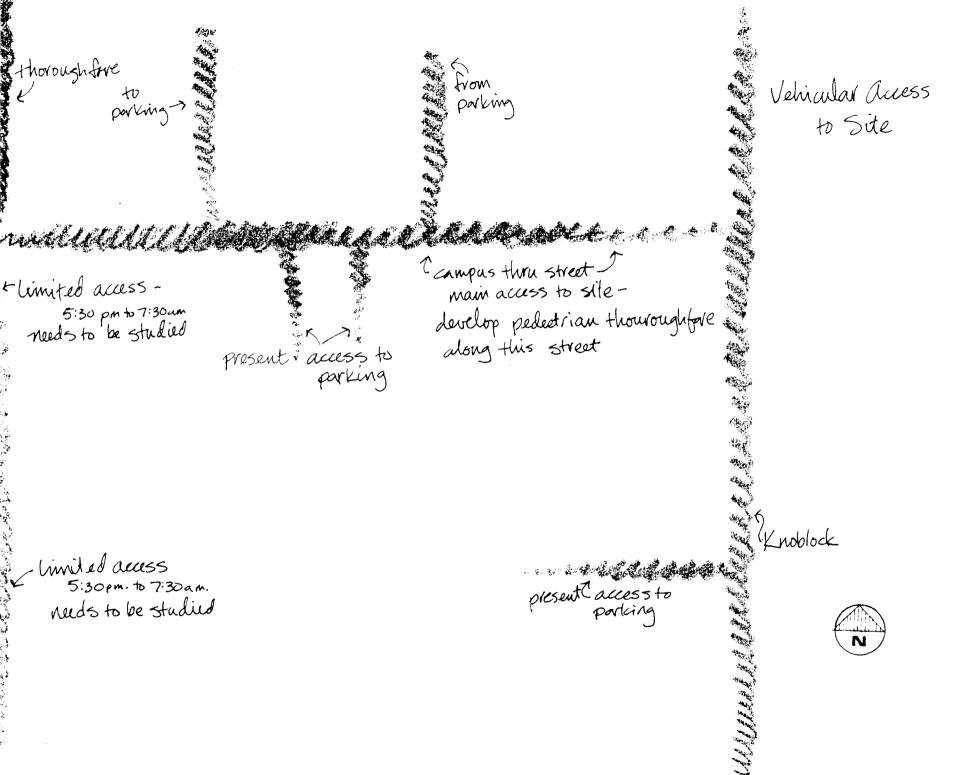
pesessian wan Pedestrian access Deparking, Arch. Bldg. Pedestrian Access-to Site Main Pedestrian flow

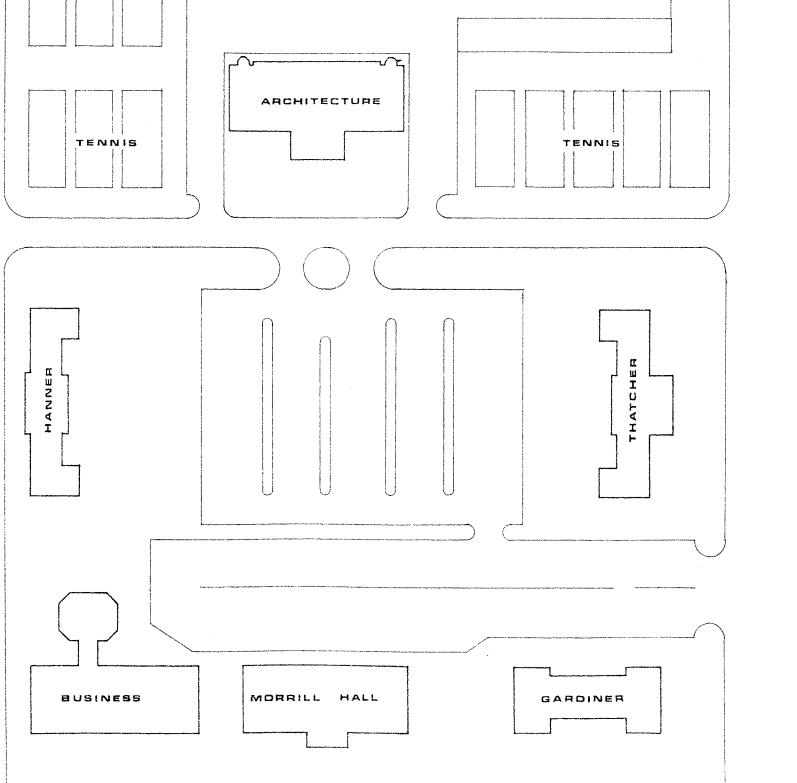
Pedestrian Access to Site







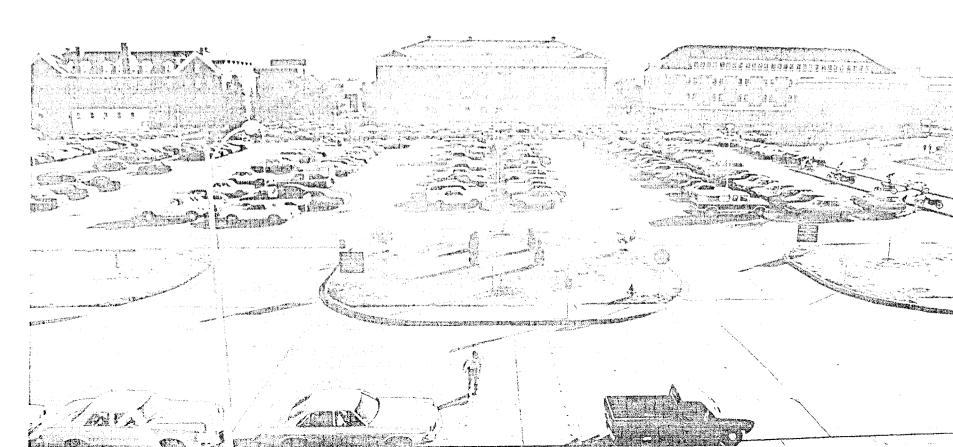


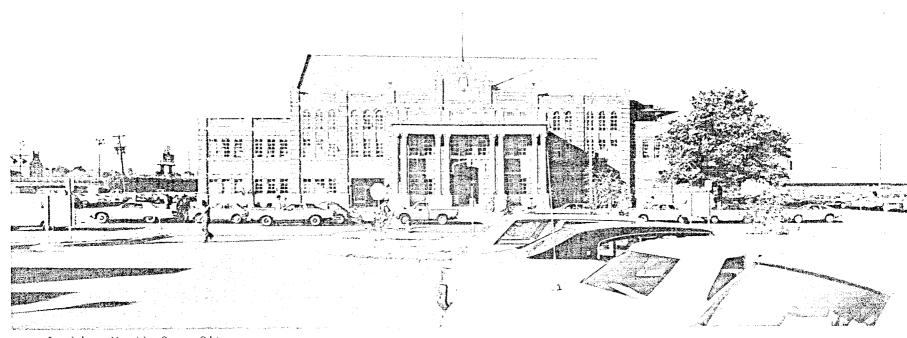




### PHOTOS

Overall view of the site looking South at Morrill Hall

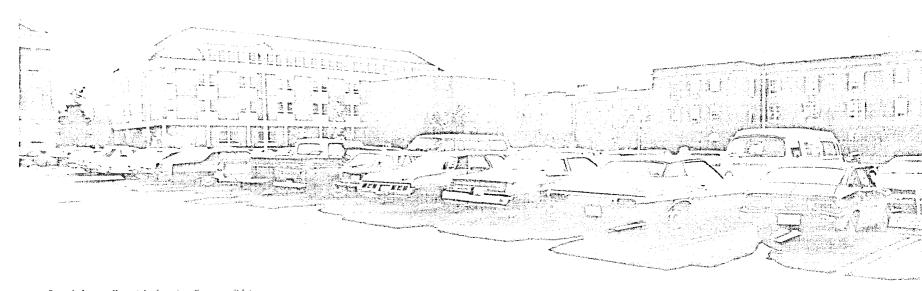




Looking North from Site

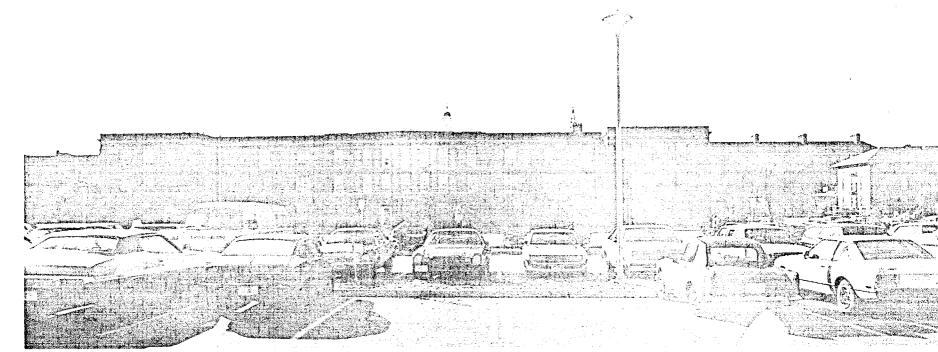
Looking East from Site

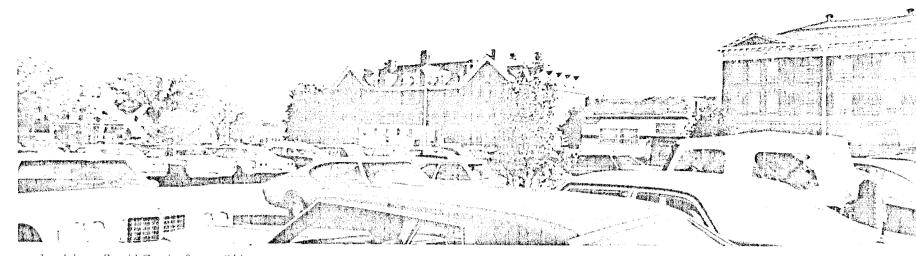




Looking SouthWest from Site

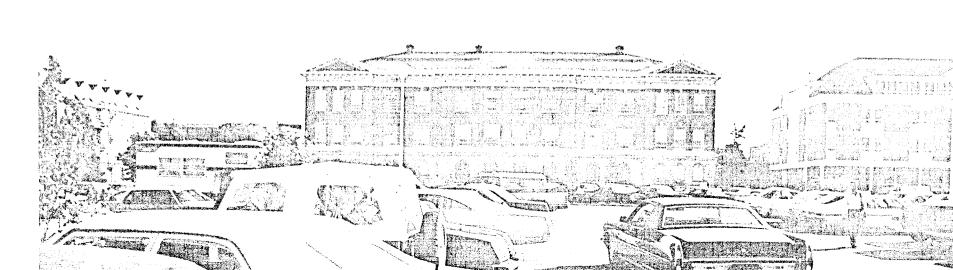
Looking West from Site





Looking SouthEast from Site

Looking South from Site



ECONOMY

The need for phased development has been determined, and the building will evolve in three phases. The first phase will include the Gallery space, with the main and lecture galleries, office and workspace, the Lecture rooms with audio-visual equipment and a slide library. The proposed budget for Phase One is two million dollars. Donors are currently being sought in hopes of finding an "angel" (e.g. Bud Seretean) who will finance the major portion of the construction to get a new art complex on campus.

Phase Two would include the administrative and faculty offices and the studio spaces. After completion of phase two, presumably Gardiner Hall will be torn down. The last phase would include the relocation of the "heavy labs" from the quonset hut North of Hall of Fame Avenue.

TIME

Currently the OSU campus is experiencing a boom in enrollment which is causing a cramping of space campus wide. The need for expansion is there, but the trends indicate that overall enrollment will soom start to decline, as is already happening at the smaller schools in the state. The art faculty at OSU all expressed optimism that the art department will continue to grow, and the addition of a new facility would definitely be a catalyst for higher enrollment in the art department. Hopefully, more cooperation can be developed with other colleges of design (landscape, interior and architecture) so some areas may have to be expanded as time goes on. Currently the faculty is small, and growth could initially be handled with the addition of new faculty members and more classes held in the same rooms. New courses in art, a sor of "cram course" with a little bit of everything is already popular among non-art majors, so there is the definite possibility for expansion after the facility is built.

GOAL: The end toward which effort is directed. Suggest something obtained only by prolonged effort.

Goals are classified as (1) project goals, and (2) operational goals.

Project goals are established by the client working with the architect.

These are elicited from the considerations of function, form, economy and time. . . and their sub-categories.

Operational goals describe what the client/architect team wants to accomplish in terms of the total project delivery system - the process, not the product.

CONCEPT: Something conceived in the mind; idea, notion.

Programmatic concepts are functional and organizational solutions to the client's own performance problems.

Design concepts refer to ideas intended as physical solutions to the client's architectual problems.

# GOALS AND CONCEPTS

#### FUNCTION

Relocate the Art facilities in a common area in a facility that will attract attention to and encourage interest in the Art department, and help to bolster enrollment and attract top-notch faculty.

Maintain a sense of individual indentity for creative diversion within a mass of people.

The main priority is to serve the students, with the public second in mind, therefore the effective flow of people thru the public gallery to the private offices and semi-private studios must be regulated accordingly.

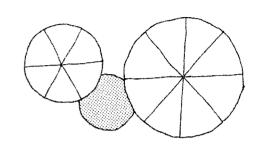
Unity: Spaces which will complement and work with each other, sharing flexible spaces among like functions.

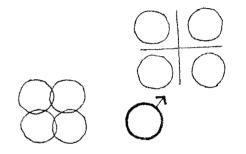
Faculty development through better student and faculty studio space.

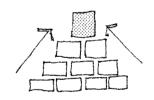
People: Control pedestrian traffic, allow for privacy in compartmentalized spaces.

Priority: Regulation of controlled visual and physical accesses to different spaces; graphic communication,

Separation of student and public circulation with deliberate contact spaces.









Create new pedestrian accesses and terminus.

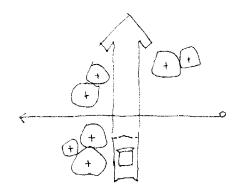
Promote Public - Student - Faculty interaction

Gallery

Provide the "layman" with some appreciation of the considerations artists deal with.

Lower operating and insurance costs by the initial design.

Revamp existing landscaping, pedestrian and vehicular circulation.



Establish places for chance or planned meetings between students and faculty, and public, students and faculty - spaces in the gallery and between studios and offices for sitting and relaxing.

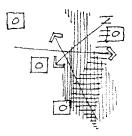
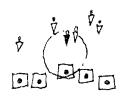


Exhibit relations from individuals to large groups - permit personal interaction.

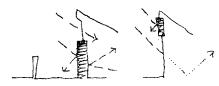








Investigate natural lighting and passive solar systems, and security systems that will lower insurance rates on traveling exhibits.



To facilitate the artist's ability to competently respond to a creative project's needs.

To serve as a stimulant and catalyst for generating art.

To help the artist become more efficient in his work.

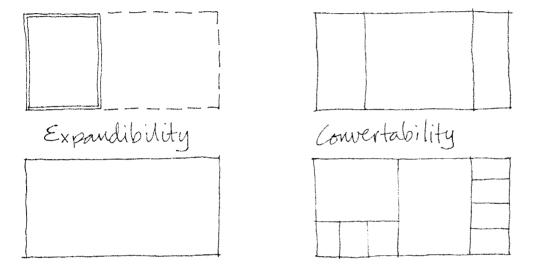
To help the artist become more able to deal with complexity.

To stimulate the artist to transcend his timidity in exploring new forms and horizons.

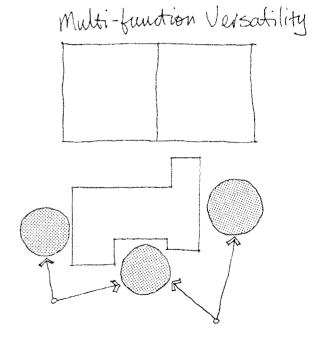
### FORM

The facility should remain unobtrusive, a background for outdoor art, saying "I am an art building".

Create spaces that adapt to individual needs and stimulate creative thought through:



Provide information-giving nodes, giving the art it's identity separate from the building entity.



Create an environment that does not inhibit or alter creative concepts. The psychological environment definitely has an effect on the art produced - squat buildings foster horizontal designs, loftiness promotes vertical thinking.

Create studio spaces that have personal identity for students.

Provide each group with a sense of entry, arrival and place - public, faculty, non-art and art students.

Respect the existing architecture, university axes and materials, yet project an image of a new and dynamic facility.

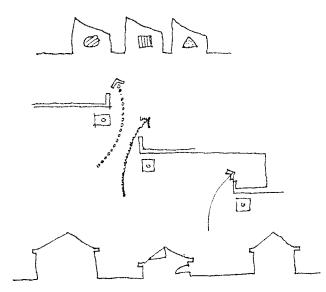
Change: Provide flexible spaces that can grow and change as each new piece is brought into being; relate studios to outdoor courts, investigate natural and artificial lighting, provide moveable or readily changeable equipment placings.



Express: Allow for personal expression in the building itselfstudent manipulative identities for each space.

Source of Attractive Vistas: Draw attention, invite, represent each area.

Compliment or contrast existing buildings and axes with materials, forms and masses.



#### ECONOMY

Phase the development of the gallery, offices and studios to proceed as funds become available.

Minimize operating and maintenance costs.

Control initial building costs.

## TIME

Develop phases that can be occupied while the next phases can be built.

Provide facilities that can adapt as art forms change and the department grows and readapts.

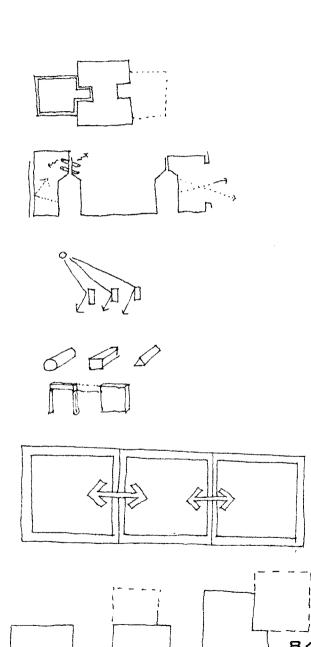
Three phase development - design phase developments so as not to interfere with the previous phase.

Utilize passive energy systems - capture heat from equipment (kilns and furnaces) during the winter, exhaust it efficiently in the summer. Consider utilization of effective daylighting and shading devices.

Carefully consider choices of building materials and methods.

Plan for flexibility in opening phases - ease of circulation with each new phase.

Integrate multi-purpose areas that can be readily taken over and relinquished.



PROBLEM STATEMENT: A description of the critical conditions and design premises which become the starting point for Schematic Design.

# PROBLEM STATEMENTS

FUNCTION Since the entire art department is to be united, the new complex must accommodate a variety of functions with varying accessibility and control This must be efficiently accommodated, minimizing conflicts while accentuating positive interactions between public, faculty and student circulation patterns.

Since the project will be phased with each phase for a different usage, each function of the facility must be able to act and grow independently, with outside access and ease of growth and adaptability within itself and with the other functions of the complex.

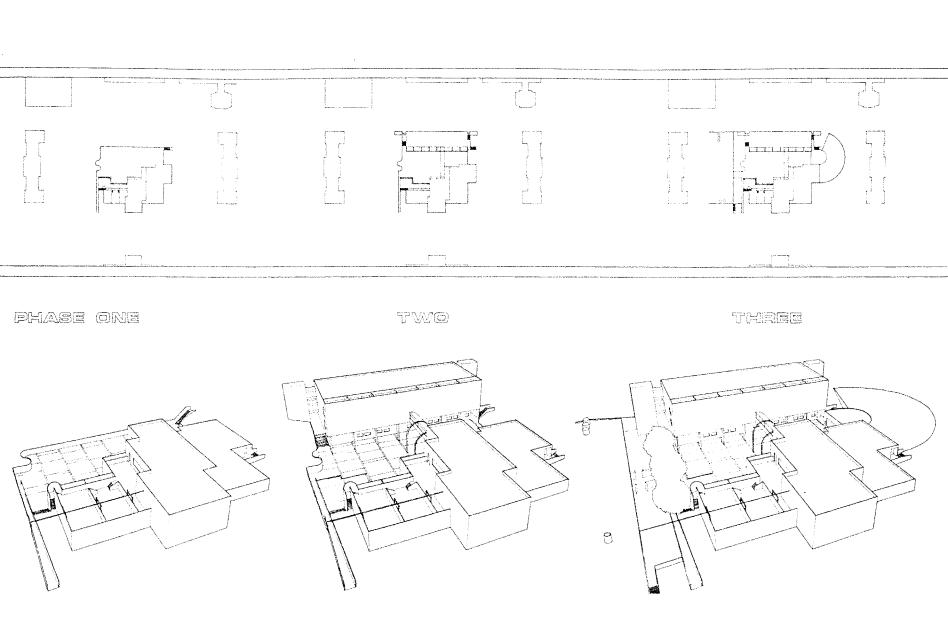
FORM The complex should have an inviting entry, an exterior that says, "I am an art building", and a functional interior. Each function should have it's own identity, a sense of place for each type of user.

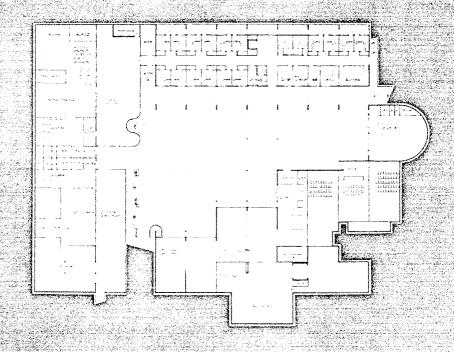
Since the art and not the building is to be exhibited, the art must be able to be viewed without distraction. The building may still incorporate dynamic forms and architectural concepts as long as this is kept in mind.

ECONOMY The money seeking process is now going on for phase one and implementation of the project will not start until funds have been raised to finance a quality facility that will provide for present and future needs. As money is found each new phase will be initiated.

TIME Because art and art producing methods are continually changing, the complex must be adaptable for the effecient exhibiting and producing of the art.

The project plan must be conducive to phasing, with each phase able to act independently yet organized into a functional, flexible whole.





DAY TEXE DAY SO

